



NIELSEN

SAFETY DATA SHEET CITRUS BURST

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name CITRUS BURST
Internal identification B045

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses Air freshener
Uses advised against Use only for intended applications.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Supplier NIELSEN CHEMICALS
RAWDON ROAD
MOIRA
SWADLINCOTE
DERBYSHIRE
DE12 6DA
TEL: +44 (0) 1283 222277
FAX: +44 (0) 1283 225731
info@nielsenchemicals.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone +44 (0) 777 8505 330 (24 hrs). +44 (0) 1865 407333 (24 hrs). MEDICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL EMERGENCIES ONLY.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (EC 1272/2008)

Physical hazards Aerosol 1 - H222, H229
Health hazards Not Classified
Environmental hazards Not Classified

2.2. Label elements

Pictogram



Signal word Danger

Hazard statements H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.
H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated.
EUH208 Contains d-LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.

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Precautionary statements	<p>P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.</p> <p>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</p> <p>P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use.</p> <p>P280 Wear protective gloves.</p> <p>P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
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2.3. Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

HYDROCARBON PROPELLANT		60-100%
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2	
Classification		
Flam. Gas 1 - H220		
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280		
Ethyl alcohol		1-5%
CAS number: 64-17-5	EC number: 200-578-6	REACH registration number: 01-2119457610-43-xxxx
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225		
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319		
d-LIMONENE		<1%
CAS number: 5989-27-5	EC number: 227-813-5	
M factor (Acute) = 1	M factor (Chronic) = 1	
Classification		
Flam. Liq. 3 - H226		
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315		
Skin Sens. 1 - H317		
Asp. Tox. 1 - H304		
Aquatic Acute 1 - H400		
Aquatic Chronic 1 - H410		

The Full Text for all R-Phrases and Hazard Statements are Displayed in Section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General information	Show this Safety Data Sheet to the medical personnel.
Inhalation	Move affected person to fresh air and keep warm and at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.
Skin contact	Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if any discomfort continues.

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Eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if symptoms are severe or persist after washing.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Eye contact May cause discomfort.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes for the doctor Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Extinguish with foam, carbon dioxide or dry powder.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container: may burst if heated

Hazardous combustion products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO₂).

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Protective actions during firefighting Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. Evacuate area.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Take care as floors and other surfaces may become slippery. Avoid contact with contaminated tools and objects. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. Avoid inhalation of vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions Do not discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Provide adequate ventilation. Contain and absorb spillage with sand, earth or other non-combustible material. Containers with collected spillage must be properly labelled with correct contents and hazard symbol. Collect and place in suitable waste disposal containers and seal securely. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Reference to other sections Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

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Usage precautions

Wear suitable protective equipment, including gloves, goggles/face shield, respirator, boots, clothing or apron, as appropriate. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Avoid inhalation of vapours/spray and contact with skin and eyes. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Keep container in a well-ventilated place. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage precautions Store at temperatures between 4°C and 40°C. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Storage class Flammable compressed gas storage.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Specific end use(s) The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

HYDROCARBON PROPELLANT

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m³

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m³

Ethyl alcohol

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1920 mg/m³

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit

Ethyl alcohol (CAS: 64-17-5)

Ingredient comments	WEL = Workplace Exposure Limits
DNEL	Workers - Inhalation; Short term : 1900 mg/m ³ Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 343 mg/kg/day Workers - Inhalation; Long term : 950 mg/m ³ Consumer - Inhalation; Short term : 950 mg/m ³ Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 206 mg/kg/day Consumer - Inhalation; Long term : 114 mg/m ³ Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 87 mg/kg/day
PNEC	- Fresh water; 0.96 mg/l - Marine water; 0.79 mg/l - Soil; 0.63 mg/kg - STP; 580 mg/l - Sediment (Freshwater); 3.6 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Protective equipment



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Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation.
Eye/face protection	Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. The following protection should be worn: Tight-fitting safety glasses. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with European Standard EN166.
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with European Standard EN374. The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 4 hours. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Protective gloves should have a minimum thickness of 0.12 mm. Glove thickness is not necessarily a good measure of glove resistance as the permeation rate will depend on the exact glove composition. For work of short duration or where a high degree of manual dexterity is needed, use protective gloves made of: Nitrile rubber. Neoprene. Rubber (natural, latex). Specific work environments and material handling practices may vary, therefore safety procedures should be developed for each intended application. Repeated exposure to chemicals will degrade the ability of the glove to provide resistance to chemicals. The choice of protective gloves depends upon the chemicals being handled, and the conditions of work and use.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Aerosol.
Colour	Colourless.
Odour	Citrus.
pH	Not applicable.
Relative density	Not applicable.
Solubility(ies)	Soluble in water.

9.2. Other information

Other information	Not determined.
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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Reactivity	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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10.2. Chemical stability

Stability	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended.
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10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous reactions	Not determined.
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10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Carbon dioxide (CO₂). Carbon monoxide (CO).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Inhalation Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Ingestion Gastrointestinal symptoms, including upset stomach.

Skin contact Prolonged and frequent contact may cause redness and irritation.

Eye contact May cause discomfort.

Toxicological information on ingredients.

HYDROCARBON PROPELLANT

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 21.6

Species Rat

ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l) 21.6

Ethyl alcohol

Acute toxicity - oral

Acute toxicity oral (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 10,470.0

Species Rat

ATE oral (mg/kg) 10,470.0

Acute toxicity - dermal

Acute toxicity dermal (LD₅₀ mg/kg) 17,100.0

Species Rabbit

ATE dermal (mg/kg) 17,100.0

Acute toxicity - inhalation

Acute toxicity inhalation (LC₅₀ vapours mg/l) 124.7

Species Rat

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ATE inhalation (vapours 124.7 mg/l)

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

STOT - repeated exposure NOAEL 1730 mg/kg, Oral,

Target organs Gastro-intestinal tract Liver

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

Ecotoxicity The product is not expected to be hazardous to the environment.

12.1. Toxicity

Ecological information on ingredients.

Ethyl alcohol

Acute aquatic toxicity

Acute toxicity - fish LC₅₀, 48 hours: > 100 mg/l, Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe)
LC₅₀, 96 hours: 11.000 mg/l, Fish

Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates EC₅₀, 48 hours: 12.34 mg/l, Daphnia magna

Acute toxicity - aquatic plants EC₅₀, hours: mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

d-LIMONENE

Acute aquatic toxicity

LE(C)₅₀ 0.1 < L(E)C₅₀ ≤ 1

M factor (Acute) 1

Chronic aquatic toxicity

M factor (Chronic) 1

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability The product is expected to be biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential The product does not contain any substances expected to be bioaccumulating.

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility Soluble in water.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects Not determined.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

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Disposal methods Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Special Provisions note

14.1. UN number

UN No. (ADR/RID) 1950

UN No. (IMDG) 1950

UN No. (ICAO) 1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

Transport labels



14.4. Packing group

Not applicable.

14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

14.6. Special precautions for user

Tunnel restriction code (D)

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78

and the IBC Code

Not applicable.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National regulations Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

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EU legislation	Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC. Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures (as amended).
Guidance	Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet	<p>CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate. ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road. CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service. DNEL: Derived No Effect Level. GHS: Globally Harmonized System. ICAO: Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods by Air. IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods. LC₅₀: Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population. LD₅₀: Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose). PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance. PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration. REACH: Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006. RID: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail. vPvB: Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative. EC₅₀: 50% of maximal Effective Concentration. NOEC: No Observed Effect Concentration. UN: United Nations.</p>
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Revision date 29/03/2018

Revision 1.0

SDS number 27791

Hazard statements in full	<p>H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. H226 Flammable liquid and vapour. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH208 Contains d-LIMONENE. May produce an allergic reaction.</p>
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This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.